

Ysgol Plas Coch and Ysgol Bro Alun Attendance Policy

‘Success Starts at School’

December 2017

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Introduction

WCBC, Ysgol Plas Coch and Ysgol Bro Alun are committed to ensuring that regular attendance at school is a priority, which will in turn provide pupils with the best possible chances in life to succeed and to achieve their goals.

Regular school attendance is essential for all children and young people. Failure to regularly attend can increase the risk of leaving school without any qualifications, and can also increase the likelihood of pupils being drawn into criminal and anti-social behaviour.

WCBC Prevention and Support Services and all partner agencies will endeavour to work with parents, and pupils to ensure that all pupils receive an appropriate education and to attend school regularly.

This attendance policy reflects the local authority's Attendance expectations.

Aims

This policy aims to ensure that attendance and punctuality remains a key focus for all, including governors, teachers, parents, pupils and partner agencies. WCBC will strive to ensure schools:

- offer a safe and friendly environment which welcomes children regardless of race, gender, sexual orientation or ability.
- raise standards and ensure all pupils reach their full potential, through a high level of school attendance and punctuality.
- ensure all stakeholders receive communication about information on the importance of regular school attendance.
- identify those pupils with irregular attendance at an early stage and to work with partner agencies to try and address any barriers that stop pupils from attending school regularly.
- keep accurate and up to date attendance data.
- ensure all pupils are safe, and will ensure all schools follow the local authority's 'Children Missing Education' guidance.
- encourage schools to reward those pupils who have made significant progress in raising attendance levels.

This document is supported by the All Wales Attendance Framework.

<http://gov.wales/topics/educationandskills/schoolhome/pupilsupport/framework/?lang=en>

Legal Framework

The law outlining attendance is:

The Education Act 1996 which places a legal obligation on:

- the local authority to provide and enforce attendance.
- school to register attendance and notify the local authority of a child's absence.

Section 7 of the above act states that:

'The parent of every child of compulsory school age shall cause him/her to receive efficient, full time education suitable to his/her age, aptitude and ability and to any special educational needs he/she may have either by regular attendance at school or otherwise'.

Section 444 further states that:

'The parent of a child of compulsory school age registered at school and failing to attend regularly is guilty of an offence punishable in law'.

School Attendance Orders (SAO):

Under the Education Act 1996 section 437- 443 a School Attendance Order applies when a parent of compulsory school age fails to prove that the child is receiving a suitable education and where the authority believes the child should attend school. A School Attendance Order may be used to direct a parent to send their child to a specified school, and should be used when a pupil is not on roll at any school.

The Education (Penalty Notice) Wales Regulations 2013:

This legislation came into force in September 2014 and has given local authorities new powers to issue fixed penalty notices (FPN). A code of conduct has been agreed by Wrexham County Borough Council on the issuing of the FPN which allows Head Teachers to apply for a £60 FPN when they have recorded.

- Minimum of 10 unauthorised absences in the current term which do not have to be consecutive.
- Minimum of 10 sessions of lateness after the close of registration.
- Parents/carers who chose to take their children out of school on holiday during term time without authorisation from the Head teacher for a minimum of 10 unauthorised sessions.
- Pupil regularly coming into contact with the North Wales Police or other partners during school hours without a justified reason and where absence is recorded as unauthorised.
- Parents/carers failing to engage with school/ESW but where prosecution has not been instigated.

The Head Teacher will inform the parent by letter that a request for a fixed penalty notice will be completed and sent to the Education Lead (Formerly Education Social Worker Team Manager) for the local authority. The Education Lead will consider the request, taking into account levels of absence, level of parental engagement, any equality implications, history of attendance and also any statement of special educational needs before issuing a FPN of £60.

A penalty notice is £60 if paid within 28 days in receipt of the notice, increasing to £120 if not paid within 28 days. If payment is not received by 42 days then the local authority can prosecute parents for the child's absence.

For further information please see the WCBC website.

www.wrexham.gov.uk

Definitions

Compulsory school age – under section 8 of the Education Act 1996, children and young people should attend school from the start of the first term commencing after their fifth birthday.. A young person ceases to be of compulsory school age on the last Friday in June of the school year in which they have achieved their 16th birthday.

‘Parents’ are defined in section 576 of the Education Act 1996 as:

- All natural parents whether married or not.
- Any person who although not a natural parent, has parental responsibility for a child or young person, and any person, who although not a natural parent has care of a child or young person.

Meanings:

ESWS – Education Social Work Service

CME – Children missing education’

CTF - Common Transfer File – pupil file transferred to relevant school.

Attendance is **everybody's concern** and the school will expect all stakeholders to play a part in improving attendance. This will contain all having clear expectations and roles which include:

Role of Head Teacher:

- To be responsible for overall management and implementation of this policy.
- Work closely with the school's governing body.
- Set attendance targets with the challenge advisors and governors, and take advice from the local authority if needed.
- To use discretion when receiving applications for holiday requests and to provide reasons to parents.
- Regular attendance reports shared and provided to governors.
- Work closely with the local authority's Education Lead and nominated school ESW, and other support services.
- To notify the local authority when a 'child is missing education' and follow the local authority's CME procedures.
- Ensure the schools' own attendance policy is readily available for stakeholders including in the school, and on the schools website.
- To work with challenge advisors and to provide a comprehensive plan in terms of attendance processes and targets in accordance with the WG All Wales Attendance Framework expectations.

Governing Body:

- Approve the policy and amend if necessary.
- Receive reports from the Head Teacher on a regular basis.
- Attend meetings as and when required.
- Ensure policy is shared with all relevant stakeholders.
- Ensure a lead governor for attendance is appointed

Senior Management Team:

- Work with all staff responsible for attendance and punctuality.
- To look at attendance data on a regular basis, linking in with schools ESW.
- Regularly check registers.
- Ensure all absences are recorded in line with the guidance of codes document including those unauthorised absence and no reasons provided.
- Regular and updated training on attendance for all relevant staff, using the LA ICT SIMS team.
- Raise issues of those staff not compliant with the completion of registers.
- Discuss any initiatives with all staff.

Class Teacher

- To carry out the statutory role of completing attendance registers twice a day, once in the morning and once in the afternoon.
- Ensure absences are accounted for by ways of a note provided by parents.
- Follow up unaccounted reasons for absence and concerns raised to the Head of Year.

- To continue to raise the profile of attendance to all pupils.
- Contact attendance clerk with any queries and to employ SIMS messages so that communication is clear.

Pupils:

- Attend regularly and on time unless unwell or received an authorised absence.
- Bring to school a note explaining reasons for absence and give to class/form teacher.
- Inform teacher of planned absences.

Parents:

- To ensure their children attend school regularly and punctually.
- To notify the school if their child is unable to attend, on the first day of absence and regularly thereafter.
- To keep the school updated on parents/guardians contact details, including mobile numbers and new addresses.
- To work with school and partner agencies to address any issues of irregular attendance of their children.
- To work with their child in relation to homework, not completing homework is not a reason for missing school.

Role of Attendance Administrator: (It is recommended that schools utilise one designated person to manage registers / late book and SIMS management).

- To speak with parents on a daily basis to establish reasons for pupil's absence.
- To record absences daily, registers as and when required.
- To 'mop up' missing marks, providing reasons and inputting reasons on the red flag system on SIMS.
- To send text messages to those parents who haven't contacted school, or by telephoning parents individually in order to establish reasons.
- To work closely with ESW and support staff in school.
- To work with SMT and Head Teacher closely.
- To ensure transfer of CTF of pupils are completed in a timely manner and pupils are not removed from roll unnecessarily.
- To check messages, if necessary, either on the schools answerphone or text messaging system.

Keeping school registers

The school's register is a legal document and under The Education (pupil registration) (Wales) regulations 2010 the school is required to keep an accurate record of attendance. Registers need to be marked twice a day, once in the morning and once in the afternoon.

Registers may be needed in a court of law if deemed appropriate.

Schools Information Management System (SIMS) is used in all schools across WCBC to record all pupils' attendance.

By the end of the school week the schools overall attendance registers will be completed and an overall attendance figure will be calculated by the school.

Types of absences

It is important for parents to understand the definition of the different types of absences. They are classed as unauthorised absence and authorised absence.

The schools Head Teacher is the only person that should decide on whether an absence should be classed in either one of these categories, parents cannot.

Absences may be authorised for the following reasons:

- Illness.
- Religious observance.
- Medical/Dental appointments during school hours.
- Fixed term and permanent exclusions.
- Holiday agreed by the Head Teacher.

Examples of what are classified as unauthorised absence are the following, however they are not limited: Absences may be unauthorised for the following reasons:

- Truancy.
- Late after the close of registration.
- Staying at home for no reason – condoned absence.
- Going shopping.
- Birthdays.
- Holiday not agreed by the Head Teacher.

In addition there are several codes classed as a present mark which include the following:

- Late before the close of register.
- Educated off site, pupils attending vocational courses at college/pupils attending alternative provision agreed by school.
- Sporting activity.
- Educational visit.
- Traveller absence.
- Interview.
- Work experience.
- Where pupils are on roll at school and also at another education establishment.

Please see appendix 1 which includes a breakdown of codes set by Welsh Government.

Punctuality

Punctuality is a legal requirement and pupils must attend on time. Persistent lateness has a detrimental effect on a child's learning and also disrupts other pupils within the class and throughout the school.

Those parents of pupils who are persistently late will be contacted by the Class Teacher/Head of Year/Senior Management Team.

All pupils who are late must sign the 'late book' in school and must enter through the main doors of the school.

Medical absences

Where a child is continually absent from school on the grounds of medical reasons, it will be necessary for the parent to provide medical evidence (e.g. certificate or letter from recognised medical service) to school. This will be initiated by the school and the ESW which will result in the pupil and family receiving the appropriate support to assist and to ensure the pupil is attending school regularly. There may be times where a reintegration / Attendance Improvement Plan may be necessary which will be a partnership agreement between the family, pupil, ESW service and school.

Holidays during term time

Parents do not have an automatic right to withdraw pupils from school during the school term for a holiday. Under the Education (pupil registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010, Head Teachers have discretion to authorise a holiday of up to 10 days during term time, over 10 days can only be authorised in exceptional circumstances.

All requests for holidays must be completed on the schools holiday request form and completed by the parents/guardians. (Please see Appendix 2 for model form).

The Head Teacher will make the decision and may include the following contributory factors:

- Time of year.
- Length of time.
- Overall percentage of attendance.
- Impact on the child's learning.

School procedures

Parents are expected to contact school on the first day of absence and to provide reasons for their child's absence.

If parents fail to notify school, then the school will make every effort to contact the parents and also other persons listed as a point of contact. The absence will be recorded as unauthorised if no contact is made. Failure to receive any contact on the third day of absence may result in the involvement of the ESW Service.

Children Missing Education

Schools have a duty to safeguard all pupils. The Education & Inspections Act 2006, requires the Local Authority to make arrangements to enable them to establish the identities of children residing within WCBC who are not receiving an education. For example these may be pupils who have not attended school for an excessive amount of time without any contact or reason for

the absence. The duty lies with the Local Authority to investigate further. The Common Transfer File will be sent to the forwarding school once they have been notified.

Pupils should not be removed from the school register until the pupil has been admitted to another school/ PRU or until the CME document has been completed and recorded by the LA.

For further information please see

www.wrexham.gov.uk (CME document)

Schools Strategies to improve attendance

WCBC's aim is that all pupils achieve 100% attendance. However, there may be instances where pupils are unable to attend for genuine reasons. The ESW service categorises attendance concerns in the following way.

| | |
|-------|------------|
| GREEN | 97% - 100% |
| AMBER | 93% - 96% |
| RED | below 92% |

Pupil Involvement

Pupils could be nominated school councillors, mentors and mediators in order to assist other pupils in achieving improved attendance levels. By leading a good example this has a positive impact with those pupils underachieving due to irregular attendance.

By ensuring pupils are involved in this process and giving them responsibilities, it could improve their confidence and self-esteem.

Schools Websites

The school's website should also provide parents, pupils, governors and the public with all the relevant attendance information including the schools attendance policy/

Schools Newsletters

This is another way of communicating with parents and can be digital or sent as a paper copy. Good practice in Wrexham includes schools where newsletters are sent out on a half termly basis/weekly basis. Newsletters can inform parents and pupils where the school stands showing

overall attendance figures. All other attendance data and information will be included in every bulletin.

Parents and carers should be encouraged to check the schools attendance information on a regular basis and also check on school holiday dates and inset dates to avoid confusion.

The School Environment

The school should provide a happy, welcoming and organised environment to ensure all pupils enjoy learning, which results in good attendance. It is good practice for all staff to ensure that the classroom displays include the form attendance for the previous week and the schools' targets.

Breakfast Club/Lunch-time Club and Access to Water

Schools that can offer a breakfast club can set them up for a positive day. Breakfast club should be supervised by school staff. Children can have breakfast with friends, and ensure they have had a meal at the start of the day which statistics shows helps the thinking process. Schools that provide water to hydrate pupils have also benefitted from improved wellbeing and attention.

Staff Awareness

All staff must be fully aware of the importance of regular school attendance, and pupils must be regularly made aware of this during the school day from staff. A holistic and consistent approach should be applied to ensure that all staff apply the school ethos and reflect the culture of the school at all times.

Attendance Assemblies

Celebrating attendance should be a priority. Involving pupils gives an incentive, motivation and encouragement. Assembly can promote a sense of self-worth. This promotes the wellbeing of children as well as rewarding them for their achievements. A consistent approach should be applied as suggested above to ensure that all staff apply the school ethos and reflect the culture of the school.

These assemblies can sometimes be delivered by Power Point, or by inviting our pupils on stage to receive their reward. Prevention and Support Services can be invited to support these assemblies and to promote attendance initiatives.

Transition Process

Transition from Year 6 to 7 can be difficult at times to deal with. Staff should appreciate that pupils often find it hard to cope with the transition from year groups and also from primary to secondary school. Schools must ensure that all staff involved in this transition process and in transition taster days for all pupils are aware and supportive.

Additional support with transition can be provided by the Youth Work in Education (YWIE) service in nominated schools. (Please contact YWIE Advanced Practitioner for further information)

Parents evening

Parent's evenings may benefit from the support of WCBC Prevention and Support Services if parents need advice and guidance or additional support in trying to ensure the regular school attendance. Requests for support must be organised in good time.

Rewards

Rewards can include the following:

- Pupil Certificate.
- Badges/Pens
- Extra free time.
- Class Trophy.
- 100% awards for the academic year for pupils.
- First In the queue for lunch.
- Books.

Further examples can include pupils being entered into a draw at the end of term or the end of an academic year for some of the following:

- Cinema tickets.
- Book vouchers.
- I-tunes voucher.
- Bike

Partnerships with local businesses can be established to support such schemes in some localities

Additional Attendance Strategies

Role of the Local Authority Education Social Work Service

The Education Social Work service is a statutory service, which supports schools to ensure that all pupils attend school regularly. Schools have a designated ESW who will liaise with the school on a regular basis, depending on need. The ESW will meet with a senior member of staff within school where service provision allows and will discuss those pupils who have attendance of below 92%. The ESW service has recently reshaped into 3 Local areas of service delivery to reflect staff amendments.

The school, in a joint discussion will then refer the pupil to the ESW service if necessary. The individual circumstances of each pupil will be considered. The ESW service will then support schools in their duty to send a letter home informing parents of their child's attendance or for the school to make a telephone call home or invite a parent into school. Once school has followed

the process documented in the All Wales Attendance Framework the ESW service can support school with a home visit.

Parents have a legal duty to ensure their children attend school regularly and punctually, or otherwise, under the Education Act 1996. Where parents fail to ensure the regular attendance of their child or otherwise are committing an offence and the ESW will need to be informed.

It is unfortunate, but on occasions recourse to statutory powers may be required which may result in a Fixed Penalty Notice application or in the prosecution of parents. It is WCBC policy to prosecute all unpaid FPN cases. However the ESW does not take this action lightly and will endeavour to work and support parents, schools and pupils to improve attendance levels until all of these avenues have proved to be ineffective.

Role of School's Challenge Advisors / RAIT North Wales Consortium.

Schools should work with Challenge Advisors and the RAIT North Wales Consortium. The Challenge Advisors Service provides a nominated challenge advisor who visits with school and advises and supports to promote the school improvement process. Challenge Advisors and ESW's work closely where possible with those schools needing additional support and where attendance is a concern.

Attendance Panels

Attendance panels involve school governors, members of the senior staff group, ESW service, and parent and on occasions they can include the pupil. Whilst the panel's aim is to address the attendance of pupils it is not always in the best interest of the pupil to be out of class.

Parents can be invited into school to discuss their child's attendance. An Attendance Improvement Plan (AIP) can be completed and signed during these meetings. Letters of invitation should be sent to parents in advance by school. Parents are asked to notify school to confirm whether they will be attending or not. If they are not available to attend then another letter should be sent to offer a further opportunity.

Failure to attend without notification can result in any absences remaining unauthorised by the Head Teacher and may result in a visit or telephone call from the ESW Service.

Community Education Patrols (CEP)

Community Education Patrols are initiated by the Education Lead. These patrols are arranged on a prescribed basis and notification is made via local media outlets.

Under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 N Wales Police have the power to engage parents found with children during school hours. Any child found unaccompanied by an adult can be taken back to school or to a designated place of safety. Community Education Patrols are intended to promote the benefits of regular school attendance and to promote partnership working.

Parents and pupils details are logged, along with the reasons for the pupil being away from school. Schools are emailed to inform them of the details obtained.

First Day contact

School should operate a first day contact process, to ensure schools contact parents of those pupils who are absent on a specified day. This process is deemed to be good practice and identifies those pupils who are regularly absent at an early stage. Such pupils can then be referred to support services in accordance with the terms of this policy.

Data Collection

School's attendance data is continually being tracked and monitored electronically both on an individual pupil level and also as a whole school. This data is collated by the Local Authority and shared amongst all schools across Wrexham on a regular basis.

Monitoring and reporting

The school should regularly prepare reports to the governing body, senior management and challenge advisors to ensure that levels of attendance are clear and that attendance codes are accurate. In addition parents should also be notified through the schools regular communication channels. The Local Authority will also monitor levels of attendance and raise concerns with Head Teachers.

Appendix 1

| Code | Meaning | Statistical meaning |
|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| /\ | Present at registration | Present |
| L | Late but arrived before register closed | Present |
| B | Educated off-site | Approved educational activity |
| D | Dual registered | Approved educational activity |
| P | Approved sporting activity | Approved educational activity |
| V | Educational trip or visit | Approved educational activity |
| J | Interview | Approved educational activity |
| W | Work experience (not work based learning) | Approved educational activity |
| C | Other authorised circumstances(not covered by another code) | Authorised absence |
| F | Agreed extended family holiday | Authorised absence |
| H | Agreed family holiday | Authorised absence |
| I | Illness | Authorised absence |

| | | |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|
| M | Medical/dental appointment | Authorised absence |
| S | Study leave | Authorised absence |
| E | Exclusion | Authorised absence |
| R | Religious observance | Authorised absence |
| T | Traveller Absence | Authorised absence |
| N | No reason provided for absence | Unauthorised absence |
| O | Other unauthorised absence(no explanation provided) | Unauthorised absence |
| G | Family Holiday (not agreed) | Unauthorised absence |
| U | Late arrival after the close of registration | Unauthorised absence |
| X | Un-timetabled sessions for non-compulsory school age | Not required to attend |
| Y | Partial and forced closure | Not required to attend |
| Z | Pupil not yet on roll | Not required to attend |
| # | School closed to all pupils | Not required to attend |

Appendix 2

Holiday in term time request

Section A

To be completed by the Parent/Guardian at least 2 weeks in advance.

| Name of Child: | Class | dob | Address | Tel no. |
|----------------|-------|-----|---------|---------|
| 1. | | | | |
| 2. | | | | |
| 3. | | | | |
| 4. | | | | |

Holiday dates: (including possibility of late flight arrivals if possible)

From: to

Destination

(NB – This is for child protection reasons ensuring all our children are safeguarded)

Declaration:

I understand that this holiday request may be authorised or not authorised and the Head Teacher will use his/her discretion in making the decision based on my child's circumstances. If the Head Teacher does not authorise this holiday, this may lead to a request for a Fixed Penalty Notice to the Local Authority Lead ESWTM which will be determined in line with the schools attendance policy. (Please ask for a copy at school or the schools website)

Parent/Guardian

Section B

To be completed by the Head Teacher within at least 1 week from the request.

Reasons for refusal to authorise absence

.....

.....

Reasons for authorising

.....

.....

.....

The Head Teacher has authorised/unauthorised (* delete) the following holiday request for the reasons specified above.

Please see attached attendance registration certificate.

Signed

| | | |
|--------------|---------------|--|
| Green | 100% | Not missing any lessons. |
| | 99% | Missing about 10 lessons. |
| | 98% | Missing about 20 lessons. |
| | 97% | Missing about 30 lessons. |
| Amber | 96% | Missing about 8 days of school. It will be difficult to catch up on the lost learning from about 40 lessons. |
| | 95% | Missing about 2 weeks of school. |
| | 93% | Missing 14 days of school. This is almost three weeks which is a significant amount of education to lose. |
| Red | 92% and below | Missing more than 3 weeks of education. A serious loss of learning which is likely to have a detrimental effect on achievement and life chances. |